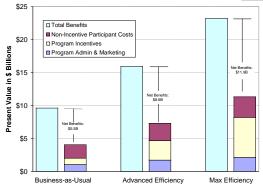
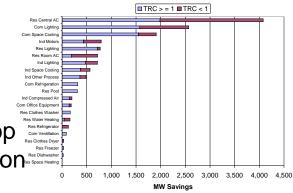


A Few Thoughts on EE Potential Studies



Mike Rufo
Panel 2 Presentation





April 20, 2007

Breakdown of Recent CA Studies

- 2000-2001: PG&E/SCE/SDG&E commercial and residential sectors (KEMA-XENERGY)
- 2001-2002: CEC and Energy Foundation leverage IOU work in KEMA-XENERGY's Secret Surplus Study
- 2004-2006 Itron update study for IOUs (CEC & CPUC participate on PAC); KEMA updates industrial
- 2005-2006 Itron & KEMA supplement runs for IOUs
- 2006-2007 Itron updating study for IOUs (CEC & CPUC participating on PAC)
- 2007 CPUC Goals Study
- 2006-2007 CEC (PIER) Long-term EE Scenarios
- Muni studies: LADWP (2005-2006), SMUD (2006-2007), TID (2007), multi-muni (2007)

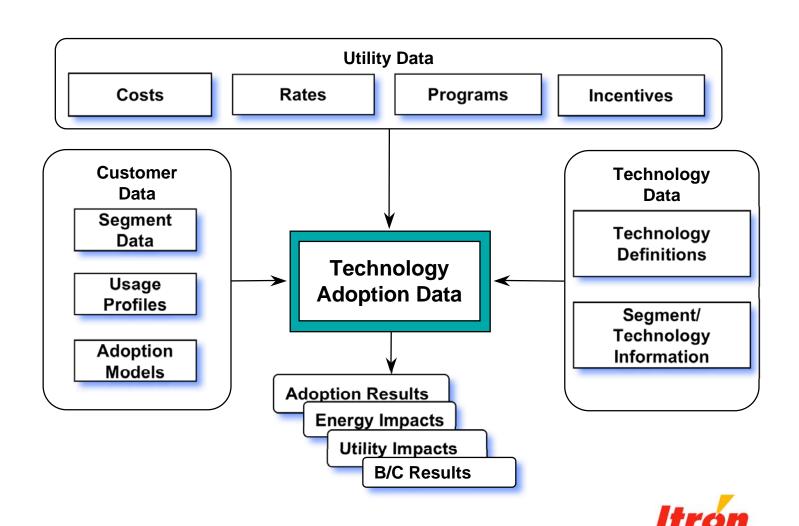


A Few Study Scope Issues

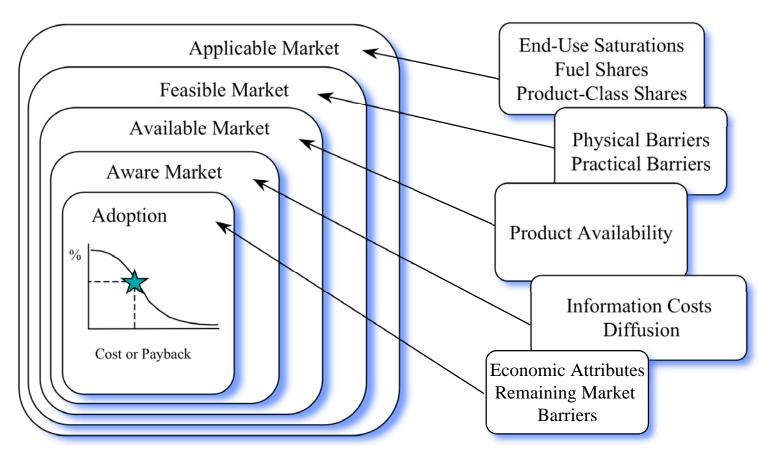
- Sectors, vintage, end uses, measures
- Currently available measures, emerging, both?
 - Hardware, practices, both?
- Efficiency, behavior, both?
- Constant/non-constant energy service levels?
- Base load forecasting all load or targeted loads?
 - Constant/non-constant service levels?
- Time horizon 1 year, 5 year, 10 year, 20 year, 50 year?
- Market saturation data or extrapolated prototypes?
- Calibrated baseline data?
- Avoided cost elements
 - Cost effective compared to what?
- Changes in barriers and/or cost/savings over time?
- Stock accounting and adoption modeling
- Expected value, optimistic, or conservative orientation/bias?



Asset Bottom Up Framework



Technology Adoption Modeling Concepts





Summary of Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths:

- Use of saturation data
- Use of stock accounting
- Organizational framework
- Calibration to program and market accomplishments
- Tracking of savings over time
- Estimation of technical and economic potential
- Ability to efficiently handle multiple scenarios

Weaknesses:

- Lack of data
- Quality of data
- Challenges associated with:
 - Measure interactions
 - Effect of economic vs. non-economic factors
 - Program and naturallyoccurring adoption
 - Market effects over time
 - Out-of-sample programs
- Data intensiveness often leads to false precision
- Focus on point estimates, limited presentation of uncertainty



Some Concerns

- Tendency to want "the" answer "now"
- But there is no single answer to questions regarding future adoption behavior
- Work needs to be framed more within constructs of scenario analysis
- Current energy and EE industry research poorly supports baseline and potential studies
- Lack of formal cross-organization collaboration/ multi-client studies



Many Needs...

- Improve saturation data
- Improve data on marketing/info effectiveness
 - What are marketing effectiveness rates?
- Improve data on adoption (revealed preference)
 - What ever happened to experimental designs!
- Improve tracking of efficiency accomplishments
- Improve analysis of integrated design and practices
- Continue to reduce aggregation bias
- Improve characterization of uncertainty/use scenarios
- Increase understanding of what are empirical versus judgment-based inputs and results
- Develop simpler tools to support policy-making and input from key decision makers



Questions?